

3D and exact geometries for PostGIS

FOSDEM PGDay

02-01-2013 – Hugo Mercier / Oslandia

Oslandia

PostGIS, QGIS, Mapserver suite

Training

Support

Development



Context

FEDER-funded program e-PLU

City modelling applications

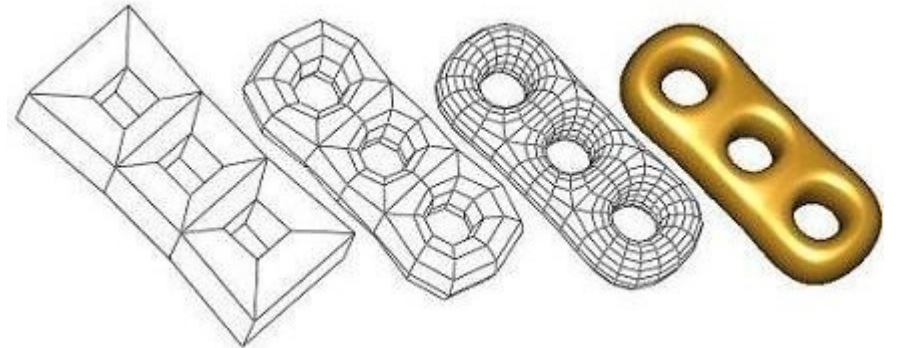
3D spatial operations

PostGIS geometries can carry a z coordinate

What about spatial processing ?

IGN – Oslandia collaboration

GEOS (PostGIS geometry backend) is 2D only
Appealing candidate : CGAL



Modern C++ framework

Lots of 2D/3D algorithms already implemented

Exact computational model !

Does it perform well ?

Exact computation

CGAL is templated by geometric 'Kernel's
Must use an 'exact' kernel for constructions

Arbitrary precision numbers

Lazy evaluation of an expression tree

Interval arithmetics

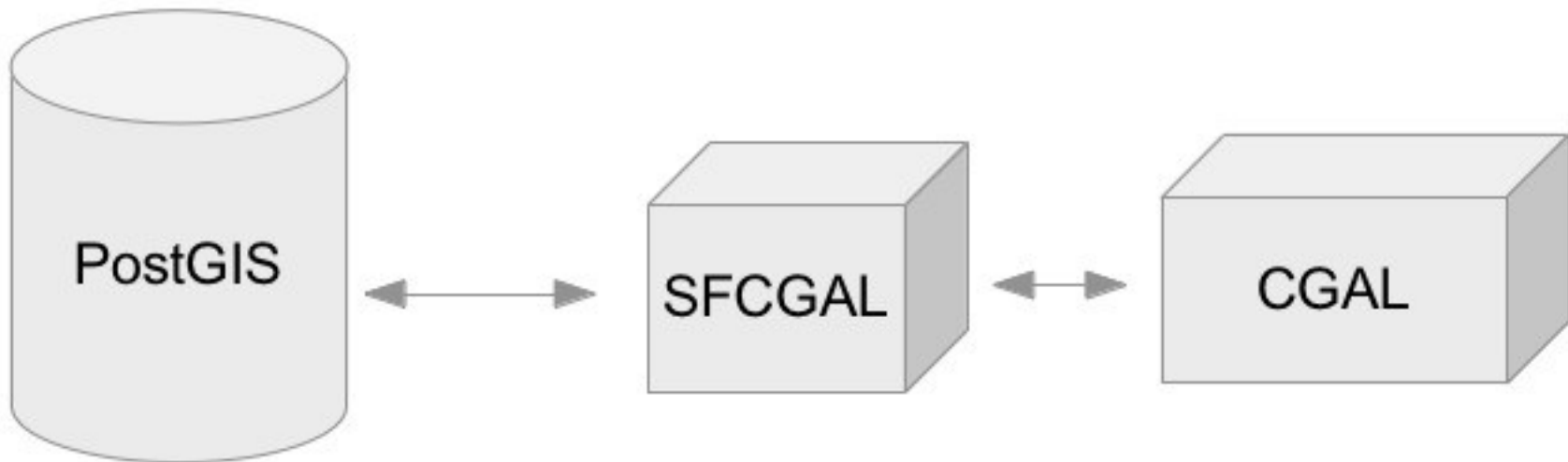
<example?>



SFCGAL

Design of an OGC Simple Features compliant framework on top of CGAL

Our own PostGIS branch (postgis-sfcgal)



Currently supported :

2D and 3D intersection (including solids)

2D and 3D intersection test (including solids)

2D and 3D convex hull

2D and 3D triangulations

3D extrusion

2D and 3D distances

(in progress) buffers



Postgis-sfcgal :

Optional support for SFCGAL functions

Using the 'sfcgal' schema

e.g. :

```
SELECT sfcgal.ST_Intersects( g1, g2 )
```

```
SELECT sfcgal.ST_3DIntersection(g1, g2)
```

```
...
```


SFCGAL vs GEOS

Performance comparison

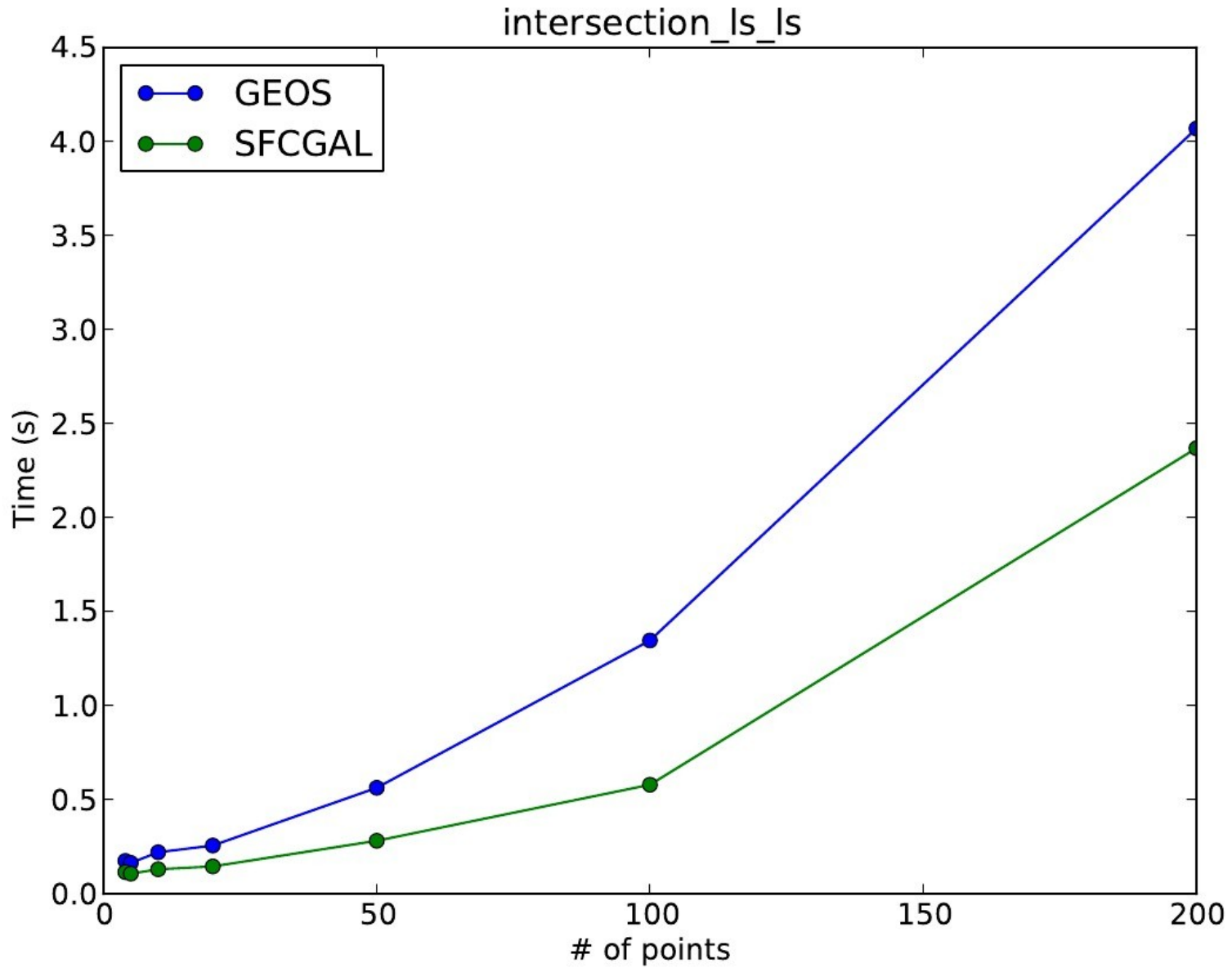
PostGIS based

2D Only

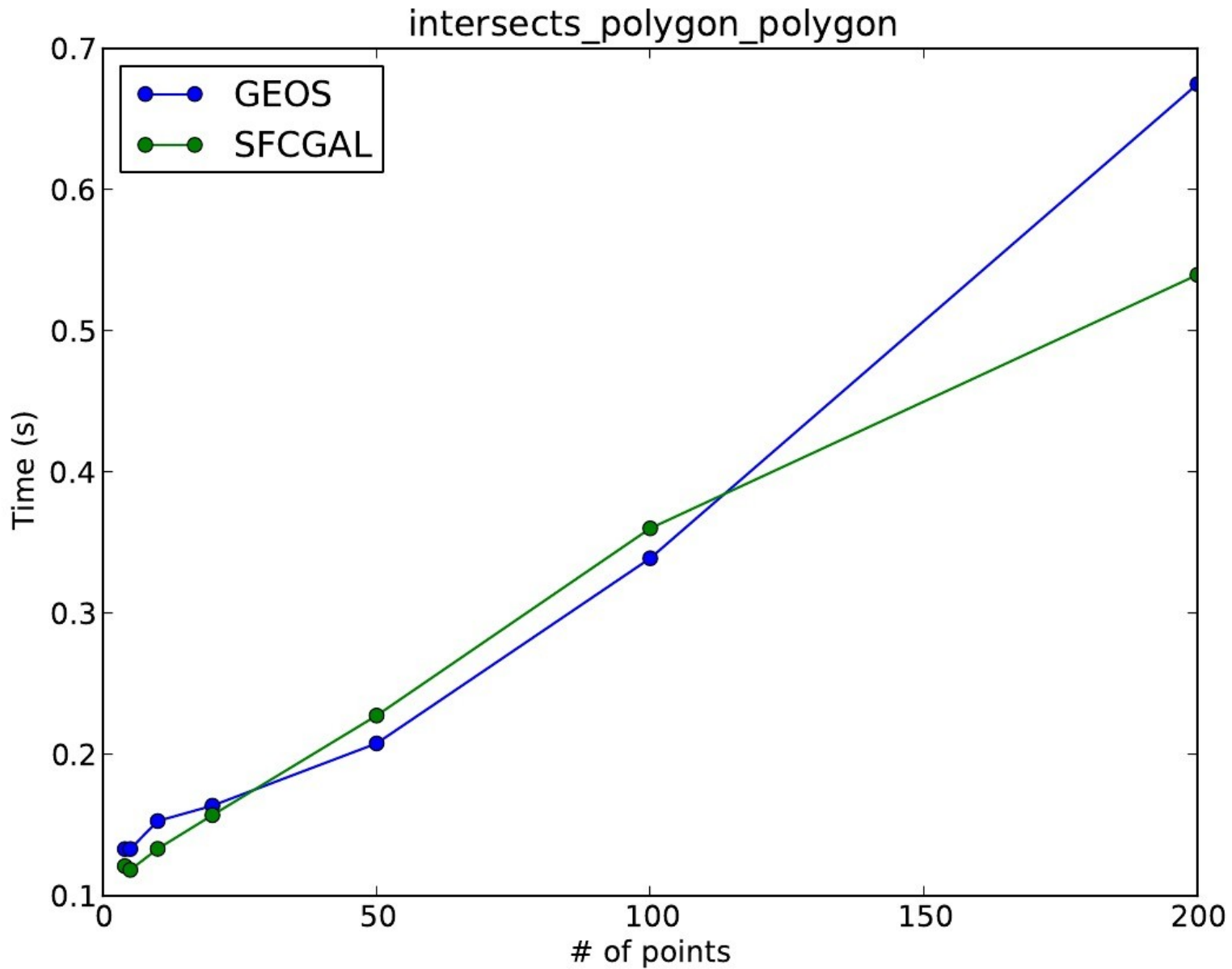
Varying geometry's number of points



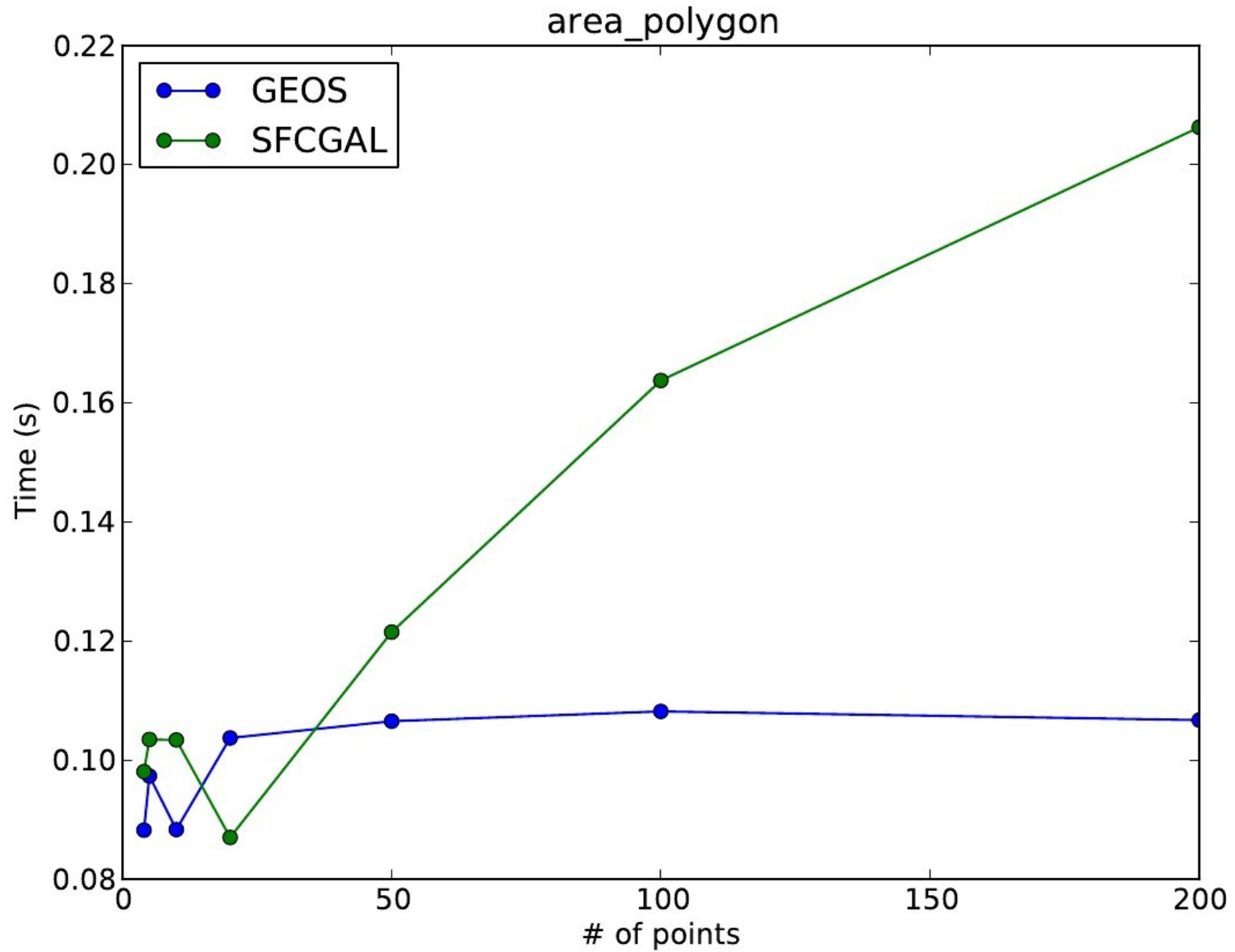
SFCGAL vs GEOS



SFCGAL vs GEOS



SFCGAL vs GEOS



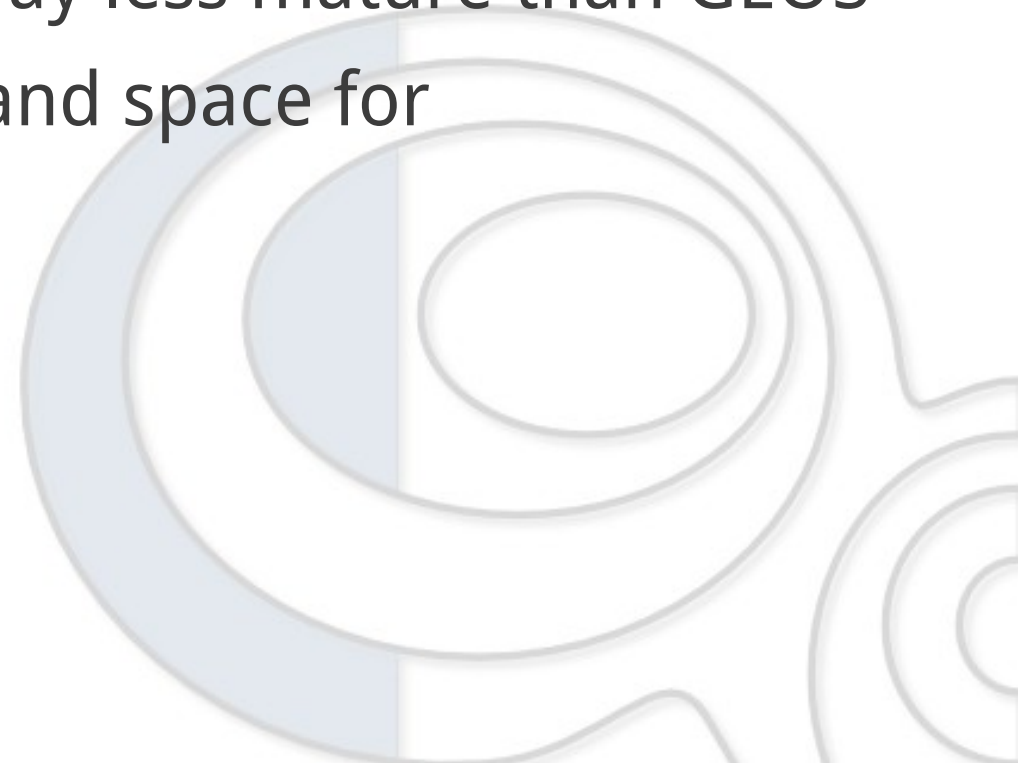
SFCGAL vs GEOS

Results are very promising

SFCGAL is sometimes better, sometimes worse

Considering SFCGAL is way less mature than GEOS

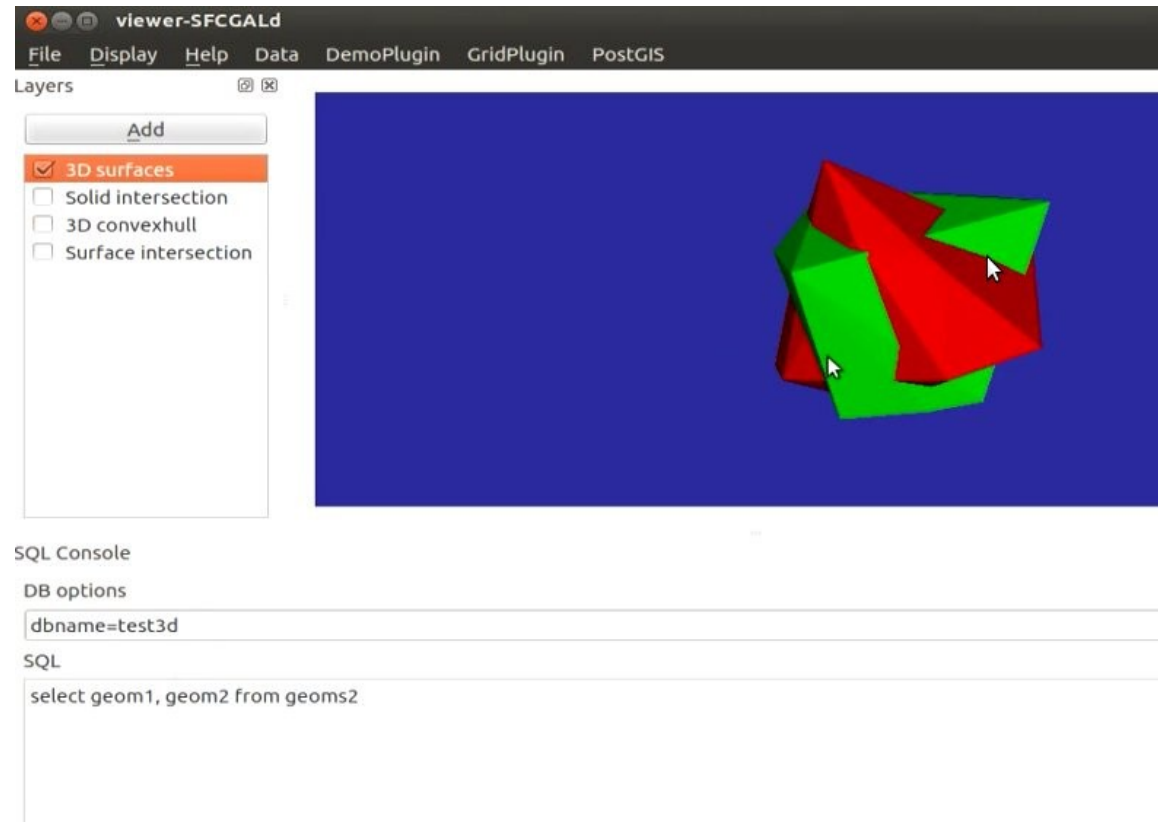
Comparable behaviour and space for improvements !



3D view

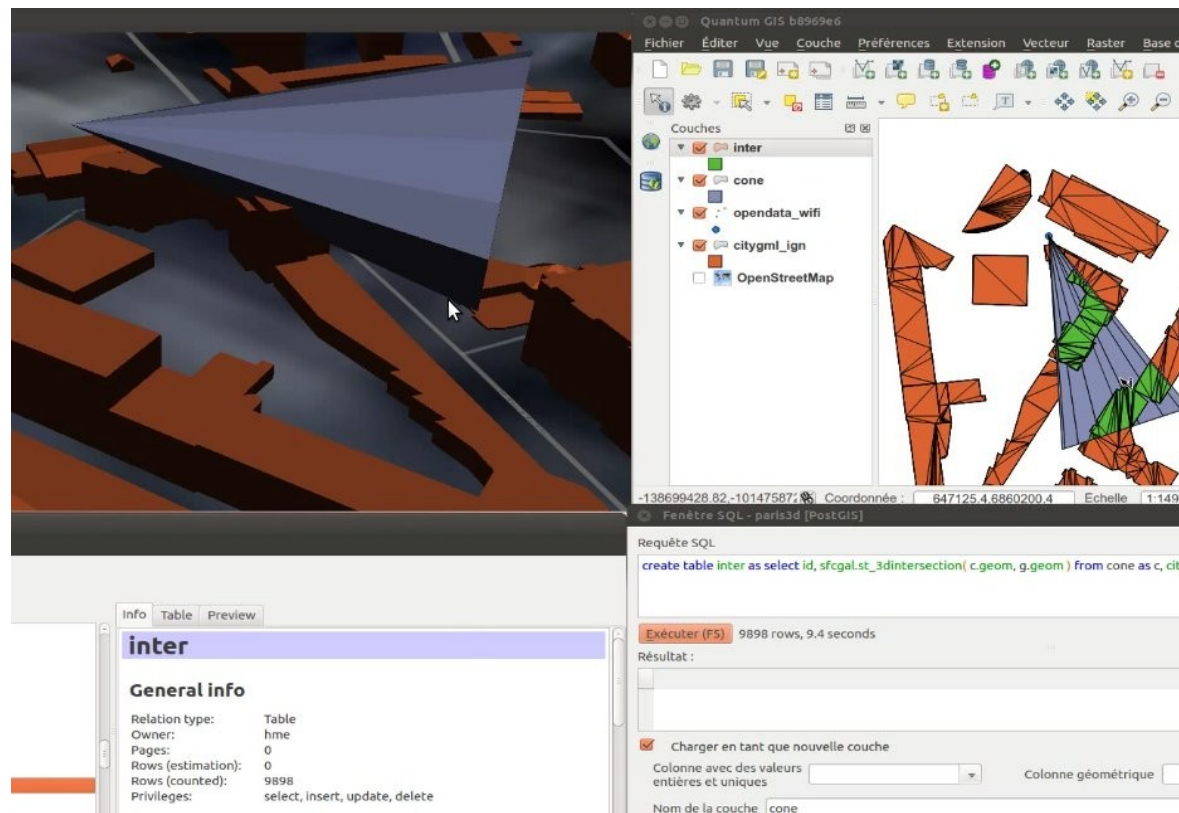
Couple PostGIS 3D to a 3D viewer

SFCGAL viewer (<https://vimeo.com/58523983>)



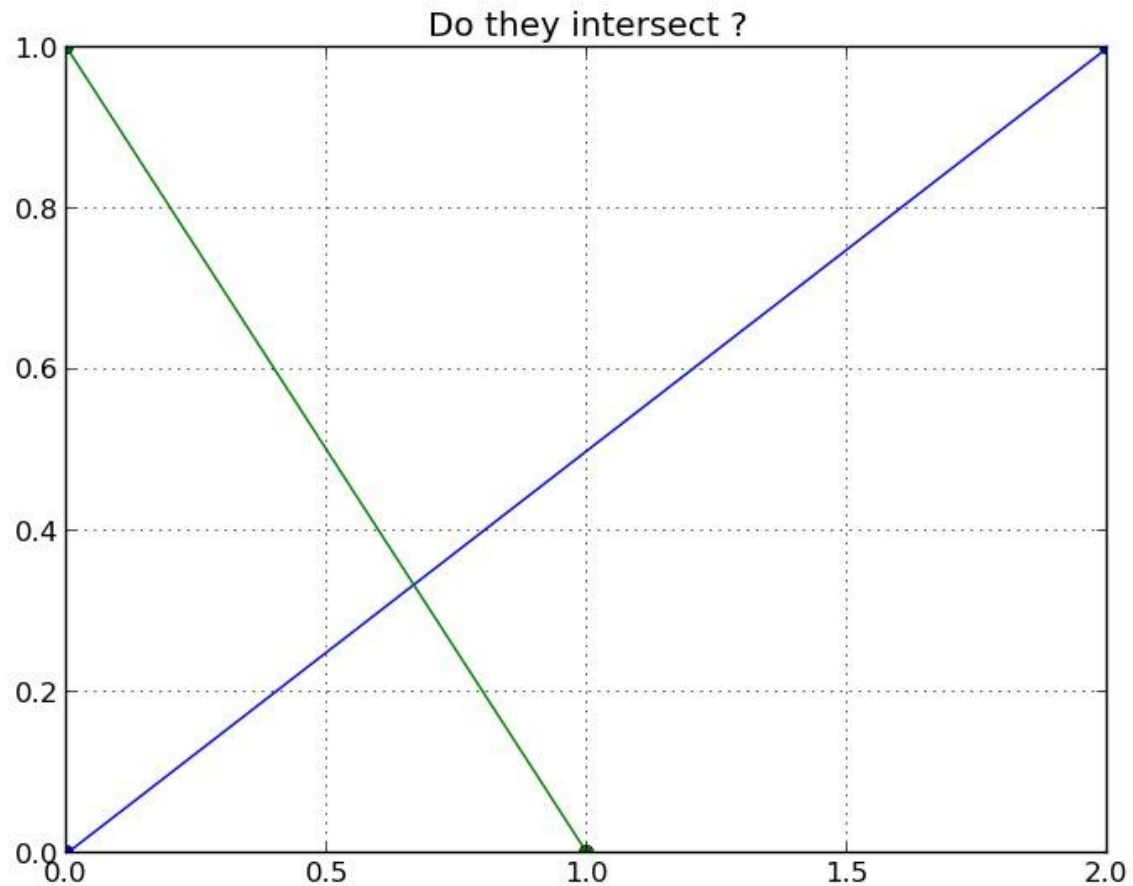
3D view

QGIS with the Globe plugin (<https://vimeo.com/54776907>)



Precision issues

Do they intersect ?



Precision issues

Do they intersect ?

```
SELECT
  ST_Intersects(
    ST_Intersection(
      'LINESTRING(0 0,2 1)::geometry',
      'LINESTRING(1 0,0 1)::geometry'),
    'LINESTRING(0 0,2 1)::geometry');
st_intersects
-----
f
(1 row)
```

Should be true !

GEOS only supports 'double' numbers

Support for exact geometries

New 'exact_geometry' type

Coordinates stored with arbitrary precision

Serialization/deserialization process

```
SELECT Sfcgal.ST_Intersection(  
    'LINESTRING(0 0,2 1)::exact_geometry,  
    'LINESTRING(1 0,0 1)::exact_geometry) ;  
st_intersection  
-----  
POINT(2/3 1/3)  
SELECT Sfcgal.ST_Intersects(  
    Sfcgal.ST_Intersection(  
        'LINESTRING(0 0,2 1)::exact_geometry,  
        'LINESTRING(1 0,0 1)::exact_geometry),  
        'LINESTRING(0 0,2 1)::exact_geometry);  
st_intersects  
-----  
t  
(1 row)
```

Serialization performances

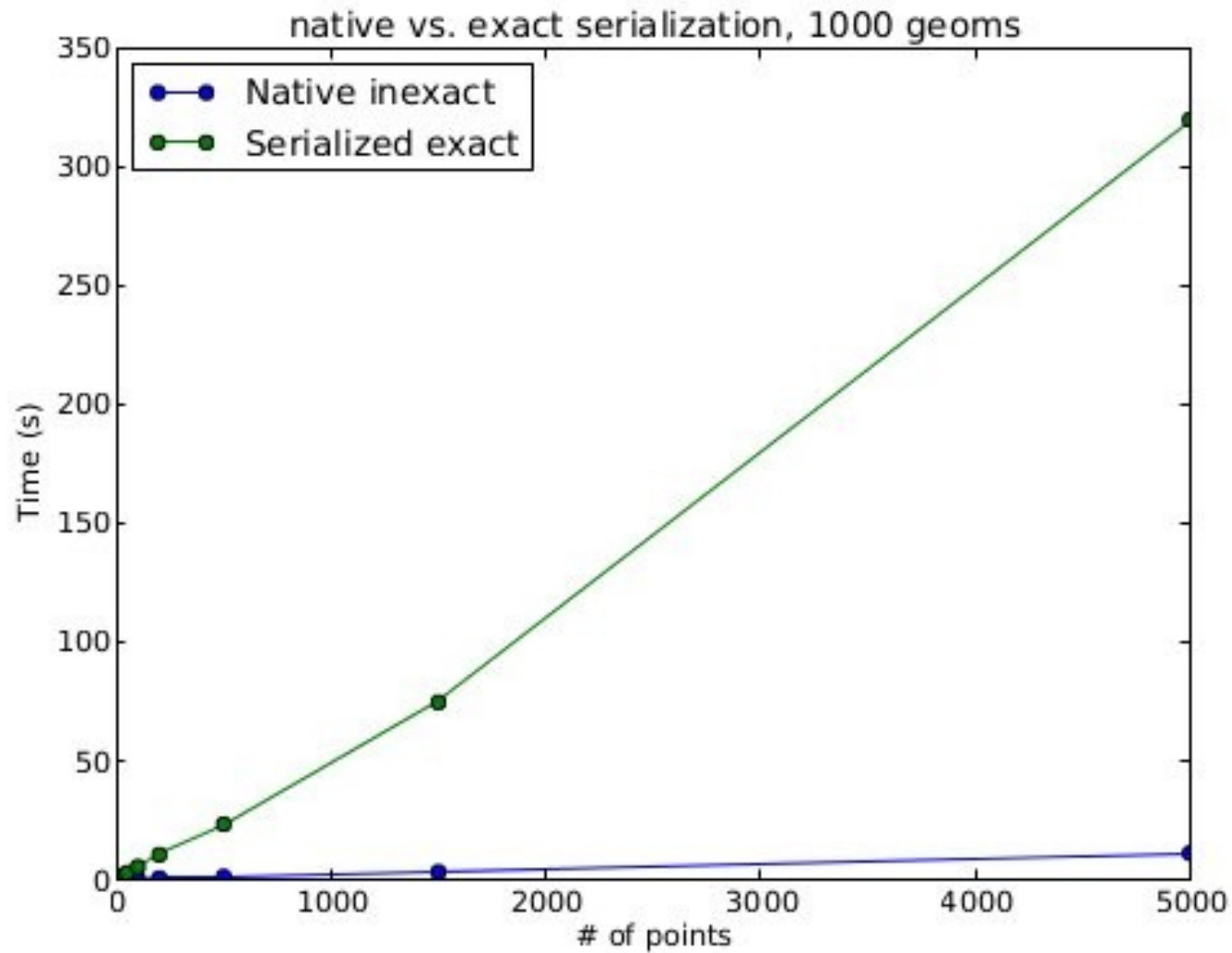
'exact_geometry' serialization is slow !

Comparing 4 chained 'noop' functions

```
SELECT ST_Copy(ST_Copy(ST_Copy(ST_Copy( g ))))
```



Serialization performances



Referenced geometries

Btw, do we need to serialize ?

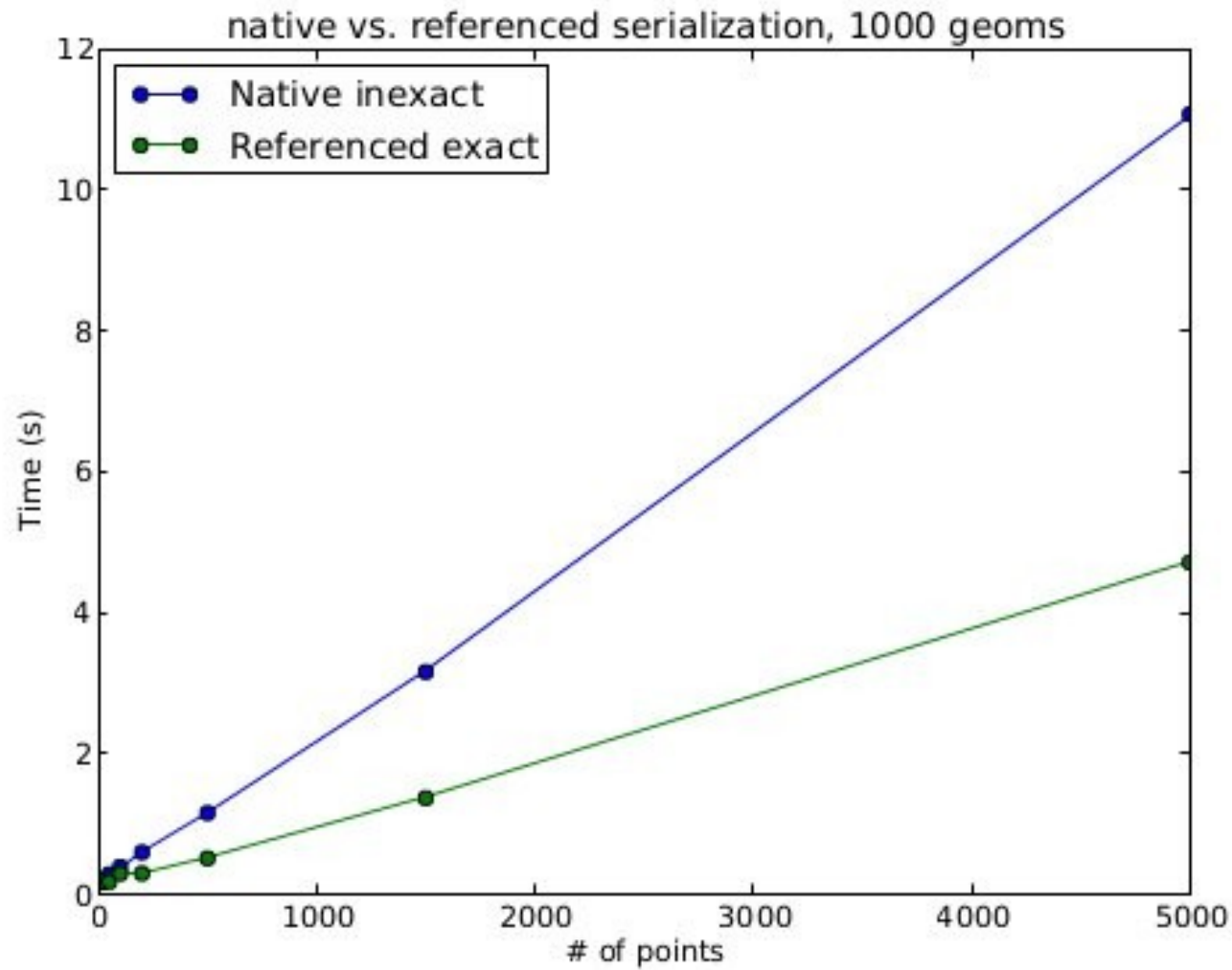
Not if you only need temporary results

```
ST_f1(ST_f2(ST_f3(g : geometry)))
```

New type 'ref_geometry'

Complex C++ objects (SFCGAL::Geometry*) can be created and passed by reference

Referenced geometries



When to deallocate ?

Everything allocated by `palloc()` will be freed on Memory Context's reset/deletion

C++ objects need **destruction, not only deallocation !**

Solution

Use a child context with your own deletion method

Referenced geometries

Where to allocate ?

The parent context where to allocate is important

If it vanishes too fast, we loose our objects

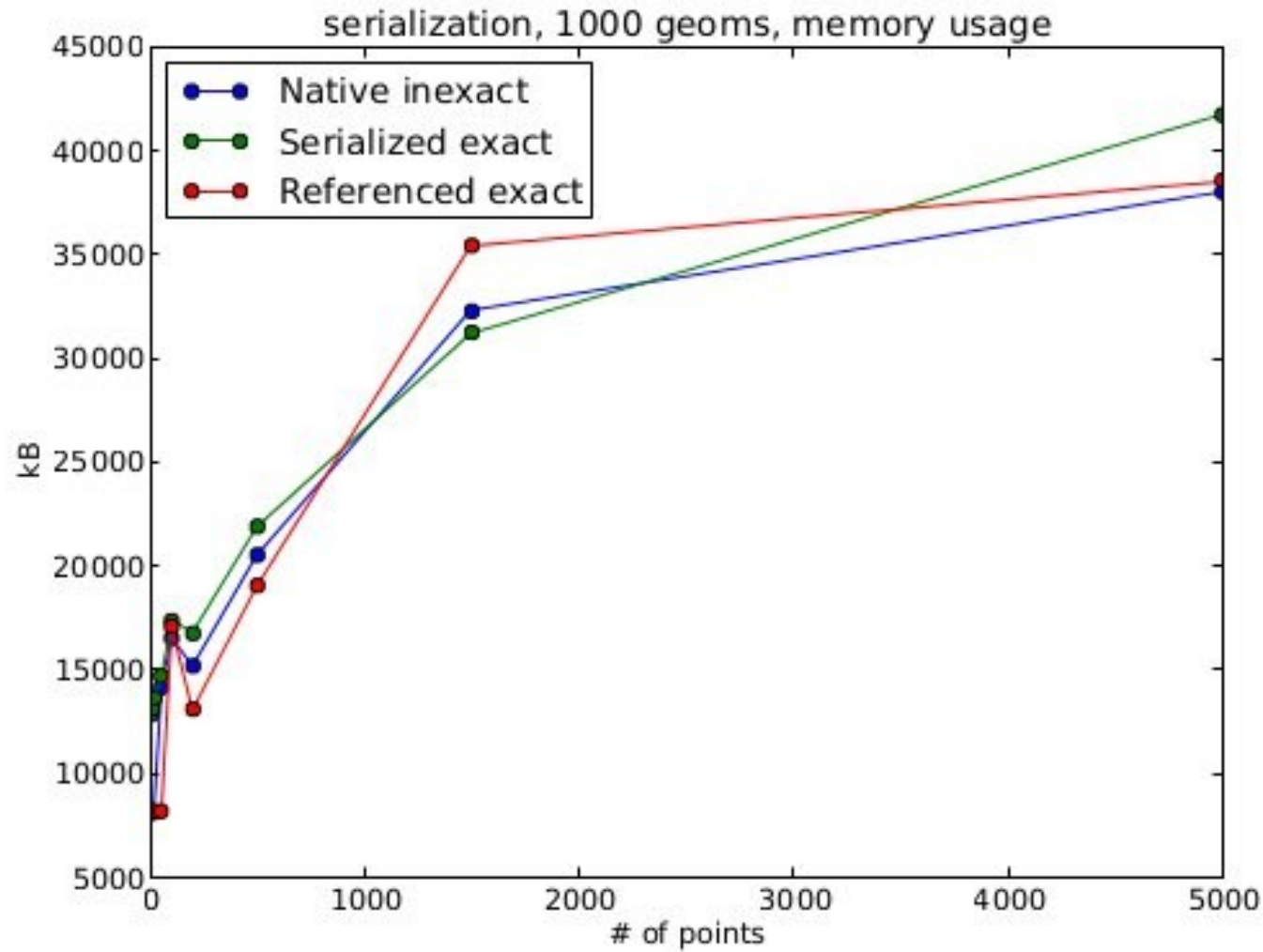
If it lives too long, we explode memory

Current rule of thumb

Attach to the ExprContext when we can

Attach to a long-living context otherwise
(MessageContext)

Referenced geometries



Referenced geometries

```
SELECT sfcgal.ST_Intersects(  
    Sfcgal.ST_Intersection(  
        'LINESTRING(0 0,2 1)::ref_geometry,  
        'LINESTRING(1 0,0 1)::ref_geometry),  
        'LINESTRING(0 0,2 1)::ref_geometry);  
st_intersects  
-----  
t  
(1 row)
```

Cannot be stored !

```
CREATE TEMPORARY TABLE t AS  
    SELECT 'POINT(0 0)::ref_geometry;  
  
SELECT * FROM t;  
NOTICE: Referenced geometries must not be stored  
ref_geometry  
-----  
-deleted-  
(1 row)
```

Referenced geometries

Control over serialization / deserialization

Through conversion functions

`ST_Geometry(ref_geometry) : geometry`

`ST_RefGeometry(geometry) : ref_geometry`

=>

```
SELECT ST_Geometry(  
  ST_f1(  
    ST_f2(  
      ST_f3( ST_RefGeometry( g )  
    )  
  )  
)
```

Conclusion

High potential !

3D spatial processing

Exact computation

With good performances



Work in progress

PostGIS integration

Referenced geometry testing

Cache mechanism

Spatial operations (boolean set)

QGIS integration



Test and feedback

<http://www.oslandia.com>

On github

Oslandia/SFCGAL

Oslandia/postgis-sfcgal

hugo.mercier@oslandia.com

